

Name: _____

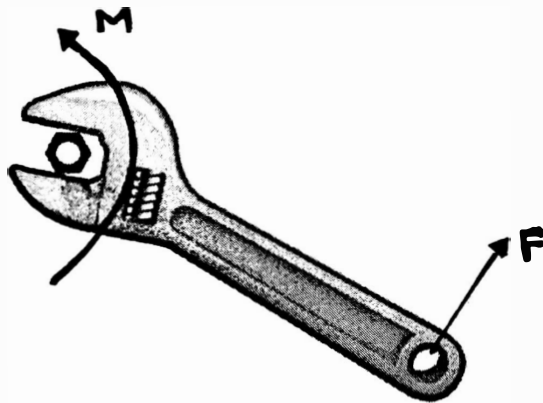
Group members: _____

TAM 210/211 - Worksheet 5

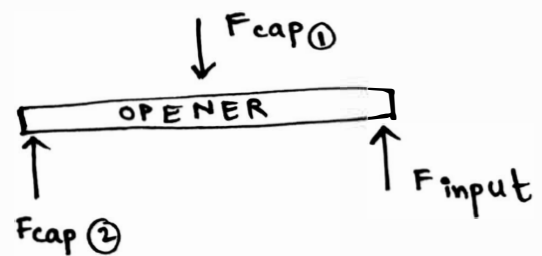
Objectives:

- Evaluate moments in 2D and 3D problems
- Obtain resultant forces and moments for equivalent systems.

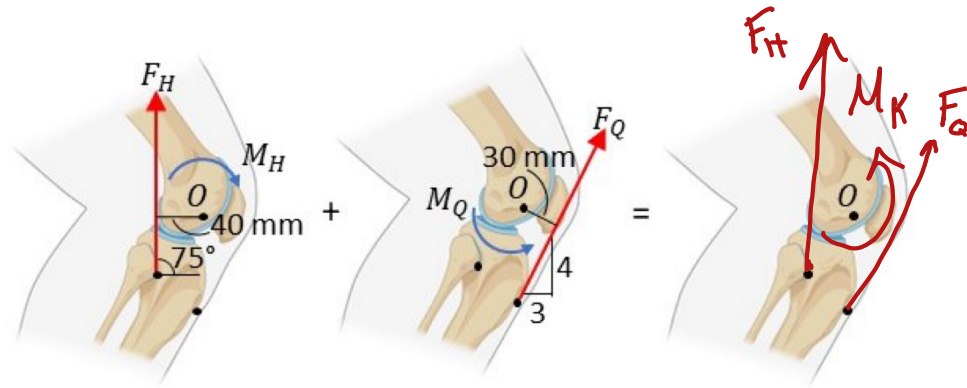
1) Draw the forces and resulting moment that acts on a wrench when unfastening a nut.



2) Sketch a diagram of the forces and moments acting on a bottle opener.



3) A rotational moment in the knee is generated by the force from the hamstrings (F_H) and the force from the quadriceps (F_Q). The diagram for each muscle is given separately. On the blank knee diagram, draw the forces and resulting moment that acts on the knee when it is in a flexed position.



i) Determine the moment of the force about point O using the scalar formulation.

$$M_H = 845(40) = 33,800 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$M_Q = 1500(30) = 45,000 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma M_K &= M_Q - M_H = 11,200 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm} \\ &= \boxed{11.2 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}} \end{aligned}$$

ii) The force generated by the hamstrings and the quadriceps are 845 N and 1500 N, respectively. Determine (a) the $\langle i, j, k \rangle$ components of F_H and F_Q , (b) the moment of the force about point O using the vector formulation, and (c) the moment of the same force about the x-axis. Is the knee flexing or extending?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } F_H &= 219\hat{i} + 816\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \\ F_Q &= 900\hat{i} + 1200\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } r_H &= -38.6\hat{i} + 10.35\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \\ r_Q &= 18\hat{i} + 24\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

$$M_H = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -38.6 & 10.35 & 0 \\ 219 & 816 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (0-0)\hat{i} - (0-0)\hat{j} + (38.6(816) - 10.35(219))\hat{k}$$

$$= \langle 0, 0, 33764 \rangle \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm} = \langle 0, 0, 33.8 \rangle \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_Q = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 24 & -18 & 0 \\ 900 & 1200 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

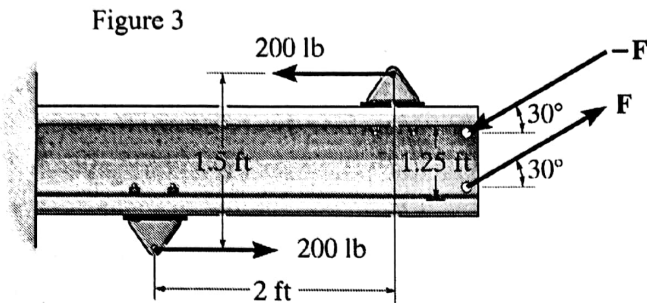
$$= (0-0) \hat{i} - (0-0) \hat{j} + (24(1200) + 18(900)) \hat{k}$$

$$= \langle 0, 0, 45000 \rangle \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm} = \langle 0, 0, 45.0 \rangle \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

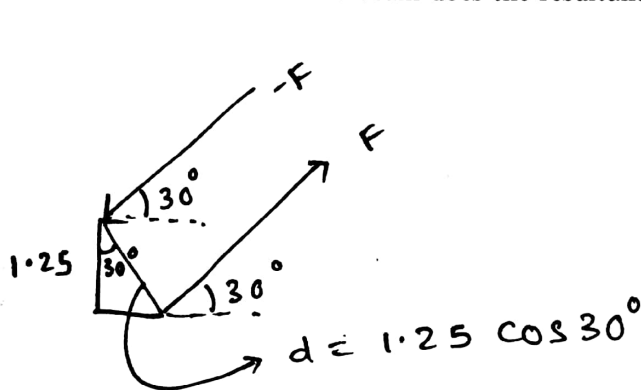
$$\Sigma M_k = 45 - 33.8 = \boxed{11.2 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

c) $0 \hat{i}$

d) Extending



5) Using Figure 3, determine the magnitude of F so that the resultant couple moment is 600 lb.ft counterclockwise. Where on the beam does the resultant couple moment act?



vector way:

$$\sum \vec{M} = [0, 0, -600] = (\vec{r}_1 \times \vec{F}_1) + (\vec{r}_2 \times \vec{F}_2)$$

$\vec{r}_1 =$ any position vector from line of action of F_1 that is the 200 lb force

$\vec{r}_2 =$ " " for F_2 that is the unknown \vec{F}

$$[0, 0, -600] = [0, 1.5, 0] \times [200, 0, 0] + [0, 1.25, 0] \times [F \cos 30^\circ, F \sin 30^\circ, 0]$$

$F = 277.128 \text{ N}$

$$\rightarrow \sum M = 600 = 200(1.5) + F(1.25 \cos 30^\circ)$$

$$\Rightarrow F = 277.128 \text{ lb}$$

\rightarrow Resultant couple moment can act anywhere on the beam.

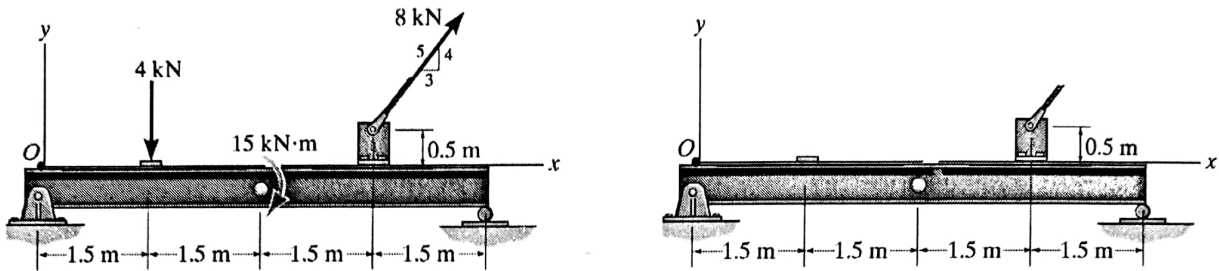


Figure 4

6) Replace the force system acting on the beam in Figure 4 by: (a) an equivalent force and couple moment at point O, and (b) an equivalent force distance x to the right of O. Sketch your equivalent system on the right side of Figure 4.

$$a) \quad \sum F_x = 8 \times \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = 4.8 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 8 \times \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) - 4 = 2.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum M_o = -15 - 4(1.5) - (4.8 \times 0.5) + (2.4 \times 4.5) = 5.4 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_R = \langle 4.8, 2.4, 0 \rangle \text{ kN} \Rightarrow |F_R| = 5.37 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_R = 5.4 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$b) \quad \vec{M}_R = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = (x, 0, 0) \times (4.8, 2.4, 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 5.4 = 2.4x$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2.25 \text{ m}$$